Lights, Action... Cut

Geoffrey Macnah is illuminated by the leading lights o he Dutch editing sector

It takes a particular mindset to b a film editor. You need artistry ntuition and huge reserves of patience. These are qualities tha ding Dutch practitioners in th field all possess Speak to a andful of them and it quickly pecomes clear that they are absolute perfectionist



I like sitting down in a room ar iguring how to put stuff ogether," is how Job ter Burg (a leading Dutch film prize) sums

For Katarina Türler (who rece cut Tamar van den Dop's Berlinale entry Supernova), editing is a way of telling stories and solving problems at the sam me. "I was always good at puzzles," she jokes, "That's the ssion - to be able to make omething out of little pieces which are nothing without the mind that puts them together.' Fürler also cut the 2012 multi vard-winning Matthew's Law. by Marc Schmidt and Mischa

Renowned industry veteral Sander Vos talks of the childhoo oleasure he experienced cutting ogether 8mm films and reating" reality "That's still at I enjoy the most. You have omething shot one week in one pecific place and something sho mother week somewhere else ou cut them together and it feel

There is an obvious camaraderi ween Dutch editors too. Almost all belong to the etherlands Association of inema Editors (NCE), counded by Peter Alderliesten a oh ter Rury The association provides a forum for Dutch litors while giving newcomers he chance to network with mor perienced practitioners. The m behind the group Alderliesten suggests) is for editors to "inspire" each other vhile offering practical

Editors need to be verv versatile...'

"It does feel that people have pect for each other's work and lp each other out without being n a competitive situation," Ter irg says of the solidarity that

or Türler, one pleasure in diting is the independence it ves her. She is her "own boss. -Jer editing studio is on one floo her house. "After film school, l ested in (my own) equipment cause I never wanted to be at a mpany." Her starting point is ways the material. She works o ocumentary as well as fiction film. Documentary makers, she ves, tend to shoot more naterial. That gives the editor th hance to "discover" the film in he process of cutting it together "Maybe there are more documentary. I sense a little mor Alderliesten's career underline

just how versatile editors need to he. His feature film credits range rom kids' movies like Vincent Bal's The Zigzag Kid (2012) to Lürsen and Marco van Geffen's prooding family drama Among U (2011). He has also cut trailers, advertisements, short films and pop promos. He sees his collaboration with Bal as one of most rewarding. The two worked together on Minoes (2001 and reunited for The Zigzag Kid, a varn about a Walter Mitty-like bo with a very vivid imagination. In cutting the film, Alderliesten's tack was to make clear where the reality ended and the fantasy began. It helped that Bal was how he wanted the film to be



lob ter Burg, meanwhile, speaks highly of legendary director Paul rhoeven whose big budget. Second World War epic Black Book (2006) he edited. Ter Burg "auditioned" to get the job by cutting together a sequence. Once he was hired, he relished working on a film of such scope

and ambition "There were so nany options to choose from to shape the scene" he says deas and gave him the room to ress himself.

'It is not possible to work 9 to 5 ... '

Equally rewarding was his collaboration with Aley van Varmerdam, the maverick art ouse director whose recent Borgman (2013) was the first Dutch film in competition in annes in over three decades. Like Verhoeven, Van Warmerdan sted Ter Burg. The editor talks of "eliminating the baroque urle in the movie - that's to say ootage van Warmerdam had shot hat was stylish in itself but film. Even after the film had been submitted to Cannes, the editor and the director continued to tinker with it "Van Warmerdam never quits until he is satisfied with all the details. That, to me, is

e problem that has dogged ditors of feature films is the inancing landscape in the Netherlands. The Dutch haven't ad their own soft money/tax centive scheme for many years This has meant that Dutch and ncreasingly gone elsewhere (for helter) to do their post-

Ask Dutch editors about figures their field they admire and everal cite Thelma Schoonmaker best known for her work on corsese's films,) What they like bout her is her refusal (as lderliesten puts it) to take the



Mischa Kamp's Boys, produced by Pupkin Film, edited by Katarina Türler

Lights, Action... Cut

easy option" and make films too lat and predictable.

Like many of his colleagues, Alderliesten didn't start his career wanting to be an editor. Ir fact, he was a physics student. During university, he took a sho course in video filmmaking. Tha was what inspired him to apply for film school. He decided at that point how he wanted to pecialise. Nevertheless his hackground as a scientist was helpful. "I really want to find out how things work what I do in editing is try to see the whole film and dig very deep into all the as strong as possible. So it has



tactile" sensation of feeling th celluloid in the old days before "digital." when films were still edited on Steenbecks and Moviolas. He doesn't like the sense that editors now worked in what looked like ordinary office rather than with "all those wonderful" old machines. However, the consensus among allows more creative freedom

Ter Burg recalls that even as a kid ne was messing around with quarter inch tape, sound,

e-mixing and re-cutting music racks." Soon, he was editing rofaccionally "I navar loct the ove for the process," he othuses. "I sometimes say it is ike the best video game ever here every day you get new level footage. You never get the ame level of footage. It is always

lost editors enjoy taking on a ariety of assignments. "No job is ypical. Every film needs its own new recipe," says Türler. Ter Burg ikewise has moved between enres, doing everything from rids' movies (Fuchsia The Mini-Witch) to wartime epics and ontemporary drama such as irza. Early in his career, he was termined not to be pigeon noled. It helped that he was nterested "in many different enres and styles." Every film, h iggests, has its "own hallenges" which force him to

hey invariably have to work unishing hours. "It is not ossible to work 9 to 5!"



can work on in a normal way - s hat I can also sleep a little bit nd see my family!" says

Alderliesten. "To me, it doesn't help to have a harsh deadline. I don't get better." As a point of principle, he tries to have sistants with him during the editing process so that he is never completely alone. Their presence helps him concentrate and gives him the chance to test out and discuss new ideas.

'Like the best video

Sander Vos moonlights as a singer. He has his own band, De Waterlanders. Hany Abu-Assad ecruited him to edit the Oscar nominated Paradise Now after hearing him perform. That's the most unlikely way in which he has been hired for a job.



Short film Greifensee by Sonja Wyss, edited by Katarina Türler

game ever'

comparison with directors, actor and even cinematographers but their influence on how movies are t together is huge. "You have all the tools to form the movie." Alderliesten muses. "When I was on the set as an assistant, I didn't know what the film was going to be. But when I am the editor, I am the one shaping the exact form and feel of the movie."

